

THE BEE.

Home Rule, Industry, Justice, Equality and Recognition according to Merit.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1883.

NO. 12.

King's Palace Ahead of All!

GREAT REJOICING AMONG THE LADIES

AT THE WONDERFUL BARGAINS AT

814 Seventh St. Northwest. **KING'S PALACE** 814 Seventh St. Northwest.

We do not Compel our Customers to Buy One Dollar's Worth of Goods to get a Five-Cent Hat, But We Are Determined to Slaughter our Extensive and Fashionable Stock of Millinery at Slaughtering Prices.

One Thousand Desirable Hats at 4 Cents, Sold Formerly at 25 and 50 Cents. 1,500 Trimmed Hats at 7 Cents, Sold Formerly at 50 Cents and \$1.00.

"Fourth and Ready" Cape Mays at 30 cents only. Elegant Tuscan Hats at 18 cents, formerly at \$1. Elegant Shell Hats at 25 cents only. Elegant French Chip Hats at 15 cents only, formerly at \$1. Elegant Colored Fine Leghorn Hats at 15 cents only, formerly at \$1. 1,500 Elegant Prime White Plumes at 65 and 30 cents only.

Come and See These Wonderful Bargains.

Elegant Sash Ribbons, 7 inches wide, at 25, 35 and 40 cents only. Five Thousand Black and Colored Ties, 35, 45 and 50 cents a bunch only. Five Thousand Plumes at 50 cents and \$1.00 only. Ready-Made Dresses for Children and Ladies at half price. Black Treble English Crape at less than market value. Silk, Satins and Laces correspondingly low in prices.

Call and Ascertain our Slaughtering Prices Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

KING'S PALACE, - KING'S PALACE,

The Largest Retail Millinery in the United States.

JOHN F. ELLIS & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1852,

337 Pennsylvania Avenue, Near Tenth Street

PIANOS AND ORGANS

For Sale at Reasonable Prices, on Easy Terms

Tuning, Repairing and Moving promptly attended to. Cornets, Violas, Fiddles, Guitars, and everything in the music line for

CASH OR ON INSTALLMENTS.

JOHN F. ELLIS & CO.,

937 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Genuine Mark-Down Sale

OF CLOTHING

AT THE

ORIGINAL

LONDON MISFIT STORE,

912 F STREET, OPPOSITE MASONIC TEMPLE.

At Forty Cents on the Dollar.

\$10 suits reduced to \$4. \$12 suits reduced to \$5. \$14 suits reduced to \$6. \$16 suits reduced to \$7.

BOYS' SUITS.

\$3 suits reduced to \$1.25. \$4 suits reduced to \$1.75. \$6 suits reduced to \$2.50. \$7 suits reduced to \$3.00. \$12 suits reduced to \$5.00. Suspenders and Linen Suits at your own prices. White Vests, Linen, Duck and Marseilles, 48 cents. Men's Dress Pants reduced to \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00. Men's Working Pants reduced to 55 and 65 cents.

THIS SALE FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.

912 F Street, 6 Doors from 9th Street.

NOTICE.

THE NEW IDEA,

926 Seventh Street, Between I and K Streets.

Headquarters for MILLINERY.

The Largest Stock of trimmed and untrimmed Hats and the largest assortment of Plumes, Ties, Ribbons, Silks, Satins and Flowers.

ONLY

For this week we will sell 3,000 dozen Hats for 25 cents, all shapes and colors. 100 dozen Beautiful plumes, 22 inches long, desirable colors, only 50 cents. 5,000 dozen White Plumes, 24 inches long, only \$1.00; 300 Bunch Ties, all colors, 25 cents, 3 in a bunch.

REMEMBER, FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

AT

THE NEW IDEA,

926 7th Street, Between I and K.

Headquarters for Millinery.

L. BEHREND'S, 908 Seventh St., Between I and K Sts.

Have opened the following Great Bargains

One case Handsome Lawns, 4c.	
" " " " " 5c.	
One case 5-4 Sheetings, 12 1/2c.; usual price 17.	
" " 6-4 " " " 16 " " 21.	
" " 7-4 " " " 20 " " 25.	
" " 8-4 " " " 23 " " 30.	
" " 9-4 " " " 25 " " 35.	
" " 12-4 " " " 30 " " 40.	

The above are in Ends and will only be sold by the piece. They are the best goods manufactured. 3,000 dozen Ladies Dark hose, 15c.; they are worth fully 20c. a pair.

L. BEHREND'S BALTIMORE STORE, 908 7th street, N. W.

NATIONAL BENEFIT AND RELIEF ASSOCIATION,

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

This Association is mutual, and provides weekly benefits in sickness to both male and females, from five to fifteen dollars per week, certificates written up from five hundred dollars to five thousand, application fee, four dollars per \$1,000, giving \$5 per week benefits. All certificates in this Association after five years previous become incontestable after death, from any cause whatever. This is the only benefit association in the States doing this special business, thus giving the beneficiaries full assurance of a benefit when the provider is dead and gone—no meetings to attend of any kind. Richard T. Greener, Esq., President; Robert E. Boston, Vice President; Joseph Brooks, Esq., Treasurer; Alfred Barlow, Secretary.

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Hon. Preston King's Duel.

A correspondent of the New York Sun recalls Preston King's duel when a young member of the legislature of the Empire State. The writer says:

He was a man of great sense as well as humor, was for many years member of Congress from St. Lawrence county, and afterward senator from New York. His melancholy fate by suicide from insanity while holding the position of naval officer of the fleet (by jumping into the river, with loaded pockets, from a Hoboken ferry-boat), is still sadly remembered by many friends and admirers.

His pungent wit in a speech in the legislature once irritated a fellow-member, who gave the measure of his own intellect by addressing him a formal challenge, from which resulted a correspondence between the two, running through several days. King began by foregoing his right to hold himself not responsible for words spoken in debate, but presumed that his adversary would concede to him the rights allowed by the code of honor to the challenged party. One of these conditions—time, place and weapons—became the subject of an interchange of notes. He claimed that, as he had accepted the charge of that session of the legislature, and had various bills in charge pending which required his attention, he could not consistently with duty and honor fight before the close of the session. This point being conceded, he next claimed as reasonable, since the combat was forced on him, that he was not bound to impose on his friend's the trouble and expense of carrying his body home for interment, in the event of a fatal issue, and he therefore claimed that the encounter should take place near his own home in St. Lawrence county, and he named the banks of a stream called, if I remember right, the Black river. His antagonist accepted, and was the more earnest in pushing the affair as Mr. King seemed to be somewhat less so. There remained only the question of the weapons. Mr. King then, under his right as the challenged party, required that they should stand, the one on one side of the stream and the other on the other, and that the weapons should be broadswords. But he added that, as his opponent might not be familiar with the broadsword exercise, if he should prefer pistols he was willing to accommodate him, though he had never in his life fired any other than a Fourth of July pistol. He named a certain conical hill on the Black river, and proposed that they should stand back to back on the top of it, and walk off in opposite directions till they got to the bottom, and then turn and fire. The history of this model duel stops there. The sensations of the young fire-eater from the metropolis (I believe) when he next day watched the circulation of this correspondence around the 125 seats of the assembly call for no historical record.

A tailor's goose—the dude. The gunner's style of hair—Bangs. The lawyer's usual garment—Long suit.

FASHION NOTES.

In fancy low-cut shoes and slippers a deep dark red is the prevailing color. Softness is a prominent characteristic of the summer silks and woolen goods.

Plaid silks worn under plain fabric polonaises and overdresses are in high favor.

The turn of the "tied"—Starting homeward after the wedding trip.—Derrick.

Bathing Facilities on Monterey Bay.

The surf rolls in invitingly along the shining sands along the blue, blue bay of Monterey, but no one accustomed to the torrid shore and the tepid waves of the New Jersey coast would dream of a dip in the Pacific at any season. The air and the water are decidedly too cool for comfortable surf bathing, and the trade winds are rather more than the noon-day sun can subdue. To overcome this a large bath-house has been built, on the beach, in which there are four large tanks filled with sea-water, heated to different temperatures. The tanks each measured thirty-six feet in width by fifty in length, and the depth ranges from three to six feet. Beginning with the cold water as it is pumped from the ocean, each tank holds water of a different temperature, ranging from tepid to warm. The pools are surrounded with tropical plants and trees, vines creep up the wall, and with a glass roof and many windows the place is bright and sunny. The amphibious folk parade up and down the sides of the tanks in their bathing suits and dip themselves first into one pool and then into another. The children scurry and plunge about like so many frogs, and faint screams are heard from over the partition, where the modest women are taking their warm swim.

The latest novelty in bonnets is said to be made of wash leather. This will be good news for the harassed business man. The ladies will now have something which will wash, and spring style hats can be done over for fall use, run through a wringer and hung out on the gooseberry bushes.

They were standing by her father's gate, and the pale stars shied their mellow splendor dimly o'er the scene, no sound but the rasping teeth of the frogs in the frog-pond could be heard. "I wonder, dearest," he said, "if anything would ever separate us? I wonder if I could ever travel far enough or come in contact with any influence that would stop my love for you?" "If you would ever tackle a Kansas cyclone you might," came the low, sobbing reply. She was a Western girl, and knew what she was talking about.

When a man loses his temper he always gets another that is much worse.

Miss Edith Thomas inquires at the top of a poem, "Where Are the Springs of Long Ago?" No one can be quite certain, but it is possible that they were put in the garret with the head-board and mattress.

A man asked for admission to a show for half-price, as he had but one eye. But the manager told him it would take him twice as long to see the show as it would anybody else, and charged him double.

Joseph Cook hopes the day will come when "we shall have only one postage stamp for the whole world." And then a nice fix we'd be in if some fellow should fold that one up in his vest pocket, and perspiringly fuse it against a small square of hard tobacco and two or three newspaper clippings. And that is, what would happen if the world got down to its last stamp.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, August 15.—Arrests on suspicion of conspiracy against the state continue in Spain. King Alfonso proposes to make a tour of the disturbed provinces to-morrow. The island of Ischia, Italy, is threatened with another earthquake. The cholera continues to subside in Egypt. Arrests of students for sedition continue to occur in Russia.

It is reported in Dublin that the la e James Carey, early in 1882, sent two men to London to shoot the Right Hon. William E. Forster, late chief secretary of Ireland, but that their courage failed them.

It is reported that Admiral Courbo, the commander of the French squadron, has already begun operations against Hue by blockading Tourane-Ow at the mouth of a river three leagues distant.

The Italian envoy at Tangier, Morocco, has lowered the flag on the consulate, and the inhabitants are, in consequence, in a state of great panic. This hostile act on the part of the envoy is on account of the Sultan of Morocco not having yet yielded to the ultimatum of Italy insisting upon full payment of the claims of Italian subjects.

The Georgia House of Representatives has passed a bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the erection of a new capitol.

A fire in the Grand Union Hotel at Saratoga created a panic. The fire was got under control, and the guests returned to their rooms.

Orders have been issued at the Treasury Department for the opening of all the life-saving stations on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts on the 1st of September next.

The Pennsylvania Senate has refused to concur in the amended resolution of the House making final adjournment contingent upon the passage of the apportionment bill.

A cyclone swept through Chattanooga, Tenn., August 15. The Great Virginia and Georgia and Alabama Great Southern depots and a number of buildings were unroofed and several blown down. The flying timber seriously injured J. H. Jennings. There were several other casualties. A heavy hail storm occurred at the time, and horses ran away in all directions. Only one telegraph wire out of the city remains intact. All telegraph business to the entire South is delayed here.

The assignment of Edmund C. Stedman and Fredk. S. Stedman, of the firm of E. C. Stedman & Co., brokers, to John McGinnis, has been filed, with preferences of \$1,000 to Mrs. Jennie C. Croly, of \$2,000 to Mrs. Emma E. West, and \$1,000 to Miss S. E. Perkins.

Hon. Schnaylor Colfax says he cannot approve President Arthur's course in refusing to pardon Sergeant Mason. He thinks that man has been punished sufficiently for his rash deed, and there is no occasion to treat him as if he was a hardened and hopeless criminal.

Judge Jerre S. Black is lying very low at York, Pa., his home. Fears for his recovery are entertained. The Senate of Pennsylvania has passed sympathizing resolutions, praying for his speedy recovery.

The Canadian police authorities at Niagara Falls have been instructed to regard any attempt to swim the whirlpool rapids as coming from insane persons, and to prevent all such attempts from being carried out from the Canadian shore.

L. W. Johnson, the telegraph operator whose negligence is said to have caused the recent collision on the Troy and Boston railroad, near Petersburg Junction, N. Y., in which six lives were lost, has been committed to answer a charge of manslaughter in the second degree.

On July 30 hostile Apaches made an attack on the village of Nacori, Sonora, where Lieut. Morens is stationed with a small picket of State troops, killing five of the guards. They repelled two assaults made by Lieut. Morens and his command, and then drove off large herds of cattle.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, August 14.—In a debate in the House of Commons Monday night, Mr. Harrington charged that Myles Joyce was executed for the murder which Earl Spencer, knew he was innocent of. Mr. Harrington was called to order and modified his charge that the juries in Ireland had been packed.

A shock of earthquake has been felt in the capital of Bosnia.

James McDermott was brought up for a hearing in Liverpool yesterday and remanded.

It is said that dispatches from Madagascar confirm the first accounts of the differences between the French and English at Tananarive.

It is rumored that the King of Spain has ordered a new cabinet to be formed. The King received an address from the monarchist Senators and Deputies lamenting the outbreak.

It was said that the Italian government has received assurances that the Congress of the United States will, at its next session, consider the abolition of the protective duty on works of art.

A long medical report on the yellow fever published in the Panama Star and Herald asserts that cremation would stamp out the disease.

A snake twelve feet long wrapped itself around the fore and hind wheels of a Nevada stage the other day, blocking progress until killed.

The house of Ballou & Co., of New York has failed. It is reported for a large amount. Their creditors are among bank presidents and large real estate men.

A Merced, Cal., dispatch says: The Yosemite stage was stopped August 13 by high water. The passengers were robbed of nine hundred dollars in cash, watches and jewelry.

Arthur H. Blaney, late cashier of the American Loan and Trust Company, of Boston, Mass., was sentenced to seven years in the State prison for the embezzlement of \$14,000 from that concern.

Governor Cameron has ordered the Lynchburg Home Guards to Chatham, Pittsylvania county, Va., to guard the life of a threatened agent by a mob of 500 persons, who are said to be determined to Lynch the three negroes who murdered Sheppard. The Guards have left for Chatham.

Mrs. Ubalto, the widow of a soldier of the late war, had \$700, all she possessed, on deposit in the Beaver, Pa., Savings Bank. Hearing that the bank was shaky she visited it and demanded her money from Mr. McCreery, the president. He informed her the bank had failed and he could not pay her whereupon the widow drew a revolver and leveled it at him. The president reconsidered and paid the money down, whereupon the widow fainted from the strain on her nerves. But she pocketed the money and walked off with her little son, who had accompanied her to the bank.

LONDON, August 13.—The Spanish authorities have issued an order forbidding the publication of any news except such is official regarding the insurrection in Spain. King Alfonso reviewed the Madrid garrison yesterday, and the soldiers cheered the King.

The Count de Chambord is worse. The foot-and-mouth disease has appeared among Canadian cattle received at Bristol, England.

It is stated that the Porte intends to transfer the negotiations in relation to a treaty of commerce with America to Washington.

In the House of Commons yesterday it was announced that the circumstances of the arrest in Madagascar by Admiral Piere of an English missionary would be inquired into.

The minister plenipotentiary of Turkey at Washington has notified the Department of State that all bills of health of vessels entering that empire must bear the visa of the Turkish consul under penalty of incurring a fine in case of non-observance of the above regulation of that government.

Mrs. A. B. Allison, the wife of Senator Allison, drowned herself in the Mississippi river at Dubuque, Iowa.

The grand jury of Baltimore has presented the Mayor and late Fire Commissioners for malfeasance in their official capacity.

A fatal disease resembling the "hog cholera" is prevailing among the hogs in the vicinity of Womelsdorf, Berks county, Pa.

Parties interested in the Georgia Central and Port Royal Railroads have secured a controlling interest in the stock and bonds of the Augusta and Knoxville Railroad.

Judge Noonan, of the Court of Criminal Correction of St. Louis, before whom the Sunday law violation cases are being tried, has decided that the state must prove that street cars are not a necessity in order to convict the officers of the companies who are on trial for violating the law by running cars on Sunday.

The escape of two hundred guests and over one hundred servants from the Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga., which was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour Sunday morning, August 12, without the least injury to any one, is said to have been largely due to the thoughtfulness of the proprietor, Mr. L. W. Scoville. He has set an example of coolness under trying circumstances worthy alike of praise and emulation.

The bank examiner and the committee of depositors now inquiring into the affairs of the suspended City National Bank of Lawrenceburg, Ind., are of the opinion that all the depositors will be paid in full, and that the bank will resume business.

The Hotel Devon, a fashionable summer hotel on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, about 18 miles from Philadelphia, was burned to the ground August 13. There was no loss of life. The property of most of the guests were saved. The building was valued at \$75,000, and was insured for \$43,000.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says: "N. W. Fitzgerald, a pension agent, who has figured frequently in the newspapers, called on Gen. H. V. Boynton, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, this afternoon, and asked him if he wrote an article in that paper stating that Fitzgerald had been disbanded from practice before the pension office for swindling. Gen. Boynton replied that he had. Fitzgerald said that the Fitzgerald who had been disbanded was Jenkins Fitzgerald. Gen. Boynton replied: 'You all belong to the same gang of swindlers,' adding that he had received a letter from a man in Ohio who said he had been swindled out of \$25 in an application for a patent by N. W. Fitzgerald. At this Fitzgerald struck Boynton, who was sitting in a chair, a blow on the forehead. Mr. Wynne, Gen. Boynton's assistant, at this point interfered, striking Fitzgerald squarely in the eye. Fitzgerald went out without getting all the satisfaction he called for.

A despatch from Laredo to the News says: "A report comes direct from Queretaro, Mexico, which is about 100 miles below Laredo, that Coahuila was in that place last Tuesday with 300 revolutionists. From reliable reports it is probable that the northern states of Mexico will be in a state of revolution before the year is out. The complaint seems to be against the manifest usurpation of power by the general government at the city of Mexico. Only a few days ago the Mayor and City Council of New Laredo were fined in a large sum because of their removal of city offices against the wishes of the government.

LONDON, August 12.—The Spanish minister of war has informed the cabinet that four rebel sergeants had been shot at San Domingo. Telegrams from the Spanish provinces tend to show that the insurrection is almost ended.

One hundred warehouses have been destroyed by fire in Roumelia.

The riotous demonstrations against the Jews in Hungary continue.

The Star Music Hall, in Sunderland, England, has been burned. The persons in the building all escaped safely.

English doctors in Egypt say that the present epidemic is distinct from the Asiatic cholera. There were 789 deaths in Egypt on Saturday. People are fleeing from Alexandria to Cairo.

The large tannery of P. & P. Costello, at Camden, New York, has been destroyed by fire. Together with a large amount of stock. Loss estimated at \$100,000.

A dispatch received at Tombstone, Arizona, says that Wells, Fargo & Co's express has been robbed between Riverside and Pioneer of \$3,200. Express Agent John Collins was killed and one passenger wounded.

A Williamsport (Pa.) dispatch reports the defection and flight of James O. Parker, a prominent lawyer of that city. It is thought his embezzlements will reach \$30,000. Mr. Jacob Toms, of Fort Deposit, Md., is a creditor to the amount of \$3,000.

INDIAN LONGEVITY.

Two Indian Women, One of Whom Is 117 Years Old, Graphically Described.

Helen Hunt describes "The Present Condition of the Mission Indians of Southern California" in the Century, and speaks as follows of two aged San Gabriel women: "A few rods from the old mission church of San Gabriel, in a hut made of bundles of the tule reeds lashed to sycamore poles, as the San Gabriel Indians made them a hundred years ago, live two old Indian women, Laura and Benjamin. Laura is 102 years old, Benjamin 117. The record of their baptisms is still to be seen in the church books; so there can be no dispute as to their age. It seems not at all incredible, however. If I had been told that Benjamin was a 'three-thousand-year-old Nile mummy,' resuscitated by some mysterious process, I should not have demurred much at the tale. The first time I saw them the two were crouching over a fire on the ground, under a sort of booth porch, in front of their hovel. Laura was making a feast of grinding acorn meal in a stone bowl; Benjamin was raking the ashes, with her claw-like old fingers, for hot coals to start the fire afresh; her skin was like an elephant's, shriveled, black, hanging in folds and welts on her neck and breast and bony arms; it was not like anything human; her shrunken eyes, bright as beads, peered out from under thickets of coarse grizzled gray hair. Laura wore a white cloth band around her head, tied on with a strip of scarlet flannel; above that, a tattered black shawl, which gave her the look of an aged hippo. Old baskets, old pots, old pans, old stone mortars and pestles, broken tiles and bricks, rags, straw, bones, 'legles' chairs—in short, all conceivable rubbish—were strewn about or piled up in the place, making the weirdest of backgrounds for the aged crones' figure. Inside the hut were two bedsteads and a few boxes, baskets and nets; and drying grapes and peppers hung on the walls. A few feet away was another hut, only a trifle better than this; four generations were living in the two. Benjamin's stepdaughter, aged eighty, was a fine creature. With a white hand straight around her forehead close to the eyebrows and a gay plaid handkerchief thrown on above it, falling squarely each side of her face, she looked like an old Bedouin sheik.

Laura, as she was fifty years ago. She was then, even at fifty-two, celebrated as one of the swiftest runners and best ballplayers in all the San Gabriel games. She was a singer, too, in the choir. Coaxing her up on her feet, patting her shoulders, entreating and caressing her as one would a child, he succeeded in persuading her to chant for 'the Lord's Prayer and part of the litany, as she had been wont to do it in the old days. It was a grotesque and incredible sight. The more she stirred and sang and lifted her arms, the less alive she looked. We asked the stepdaughter if they were happy and wished to live. Laughing, she repeated the question to them. 'Oh, yes, we wish to live forever,' they replied. They were greatly terrified, the daughter said, when the railway cars first ran through San Gabriel. They thought it was the devil bringing fire to burn up the world. Their chief solace is tobacco. To let it, Benjamin will creep about in the village by the hour, bent double over her staff, tottering at every step. They sit for the most part silent, motionless, on the ground; their knees drawn up, their hands clasped over them, their heads sunk on their breasts. In my drives in the San Gabriel valley, I often saw them sitting thus, as if they were dead. The sight had an indescribable fascination. It seemed that to be able to penetrate into the recesses of their thoughts would be to lay hold upon secrets as old as the earth."

How to Rid a Room of Flies.

Observations made by M. Rafford, a member of the Society of Horticulture at Limoges, show that a castor-oil plant having been placed in a room infested with flies, they disappeared as by enchantment. Wishing to find the cause he soon found under the castor-oil plant a number of dead flies, and a large number of flies had remained clinging to the under surface of the leaves. It would therefore appear that the leaves of the castor-oil plant give out an essential oil, or some toxic principle which possesses very strong insecticide qualities. Castor-oil plants are in France very much used as ornamental plants in rooms, as they resist very well variations of atmosphere and temperature. As the castor-oil plant is very much grown and cultivated in all gardens, the Journal of Agriculture points out that it would be worth while to try decorations of the leaves to destroy the green flies and other insects which in summer are so destructive to plants and fruit trees. Anyhow, M. Rafford's observations merit that trial should be made of the properties of the castor-oil plant both for the destruction of flies in dwellings and of other troublesome insects.—British Medical Journal.

Seeing a carriage full of belles and beaux drive by, Aminadab remarked that that reminded him of a load of wood.—Marathon Independent.

It's Lowell who asks, "What is so rare as a day in June?" Is it not? Well, now, if he had only stopped to think a minute, he might have known that the 29th of February was the answer to the riddle.—Howard Lampton.

A collector wrote to General Sherman for his autograph and a lock of his hair, and received in reply: "The man who has been writing my autographs has been discharged, and as my orderly is bald I cannot comply with either of your requests."